

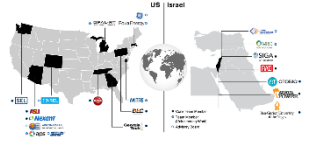
Enhancing **Cybersecurity** of Grid Operations

Lalitha Sankar
Associate Professor
Arizona State University

28 September 2022



Enhancing Cybersecurity of Grid Operations



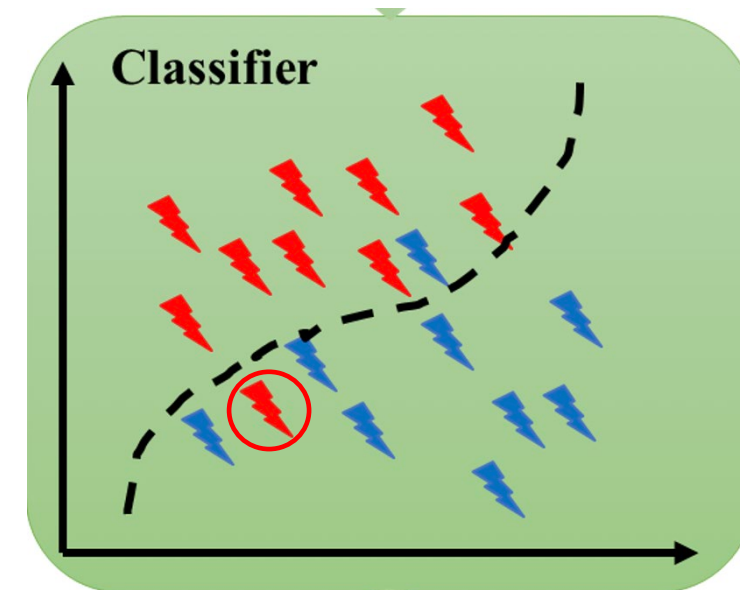
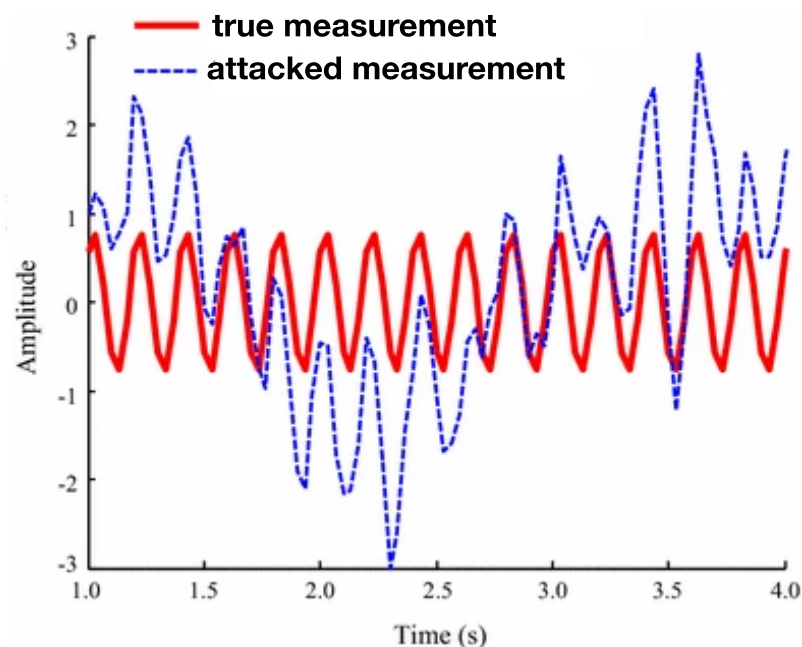
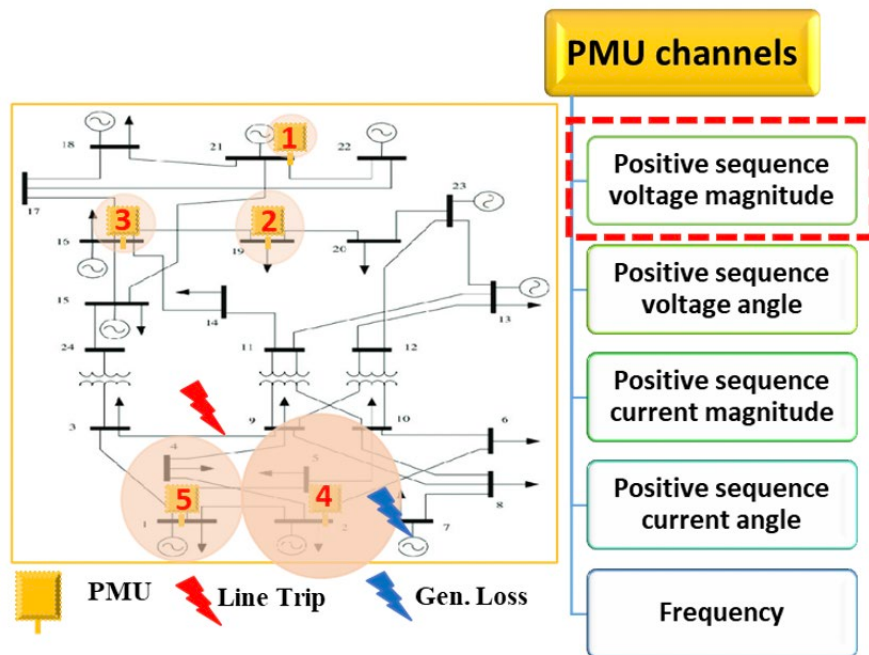
Task 5: Generate event-mimicking attacks

Task 8: Detect event-mimicking attacks

**Commercialization: Evaluate attacks on Nexant's
(Resource Innovations) EMS Platform**



Task 5: Recap



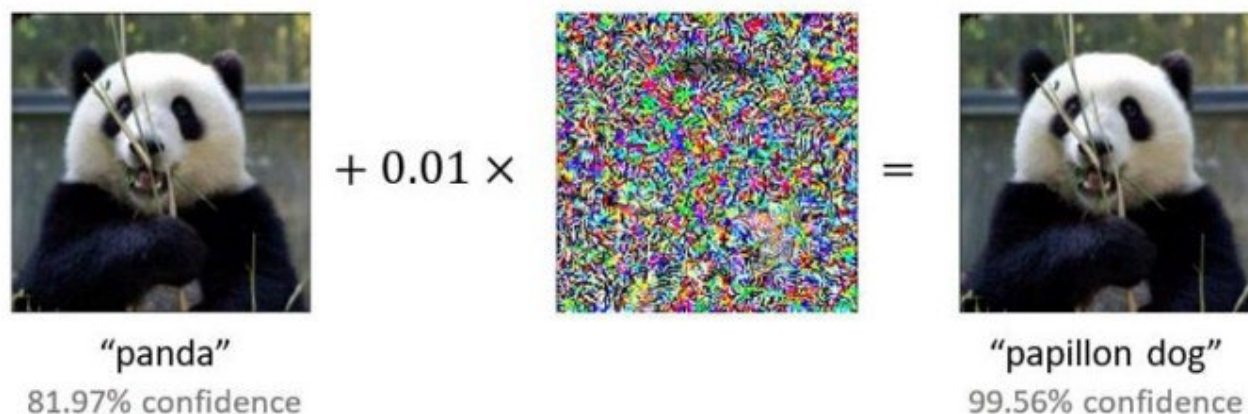
Challenge: Adding white noise or some arbitrary mode is not sufficient

Work in progress:

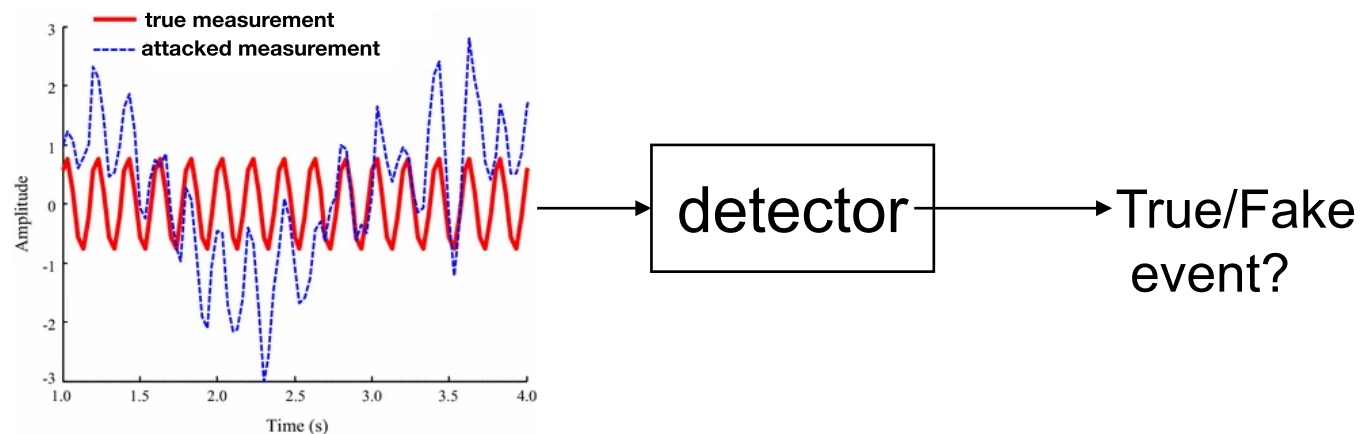
- Extend existing binary classifier to multi-class classifier to include attacks
- Identify the key set of features that can change normative data to mimic an event
- Integrate new synthesized attacks to the existing database

Task 8: Detect Sophisticated (Mimicking) Attacks

- Existing robust detectors of **static data**



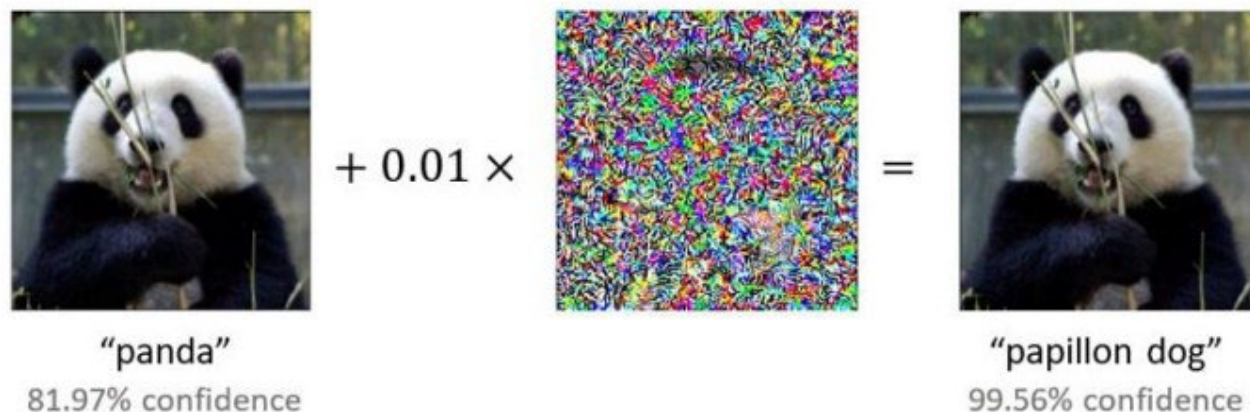
- Power system data is dynamic?





Task 8: Detect Sophisticated (Mimicking) Attacks

- Existing robust detectors of **static data**

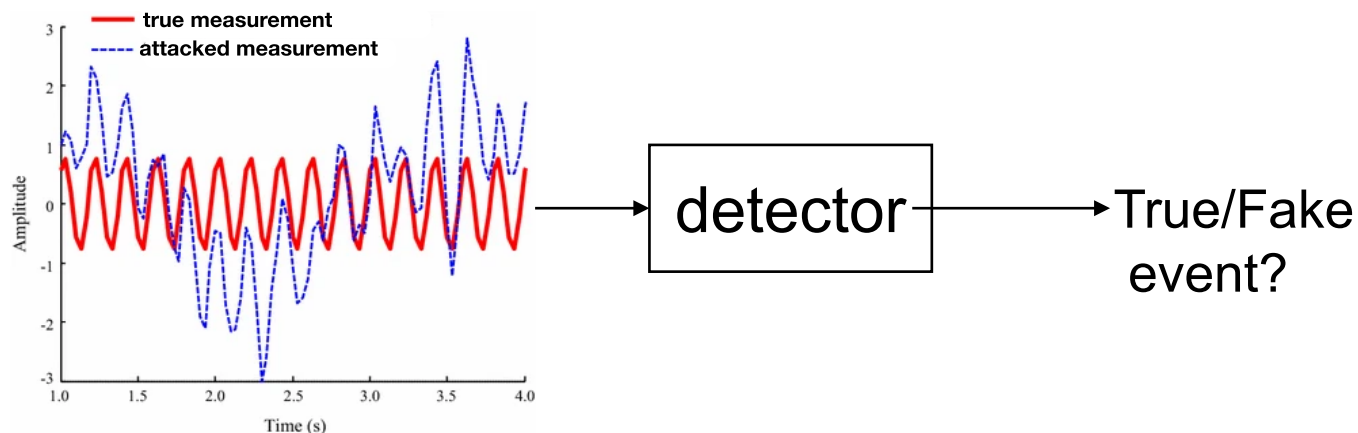


Objective: Design modular detectors capable of detecting anomalies via PMU measurements

Our Method: Online ML detector that exploits **event features** to:

- compare **features** of true events against fake events

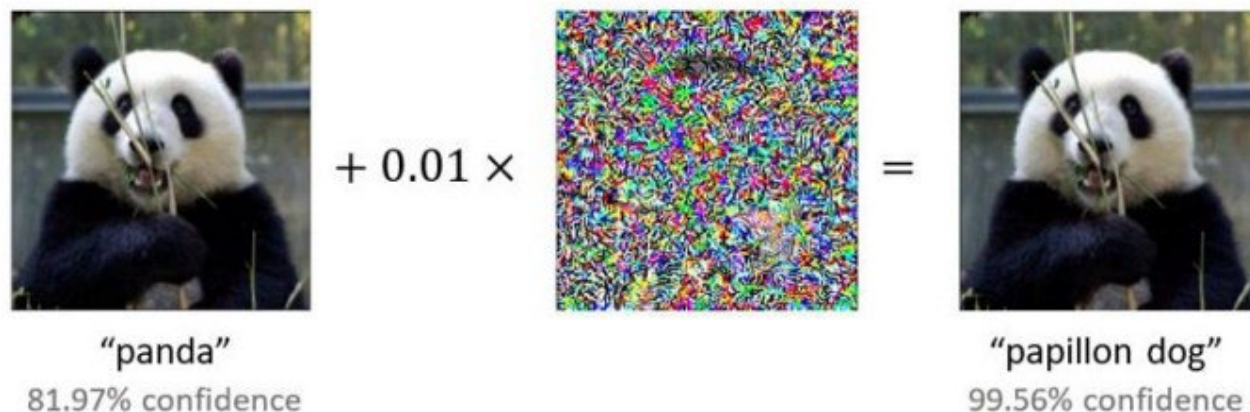
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Task 8: Detect Sophisticated (Mimicking) Attacks

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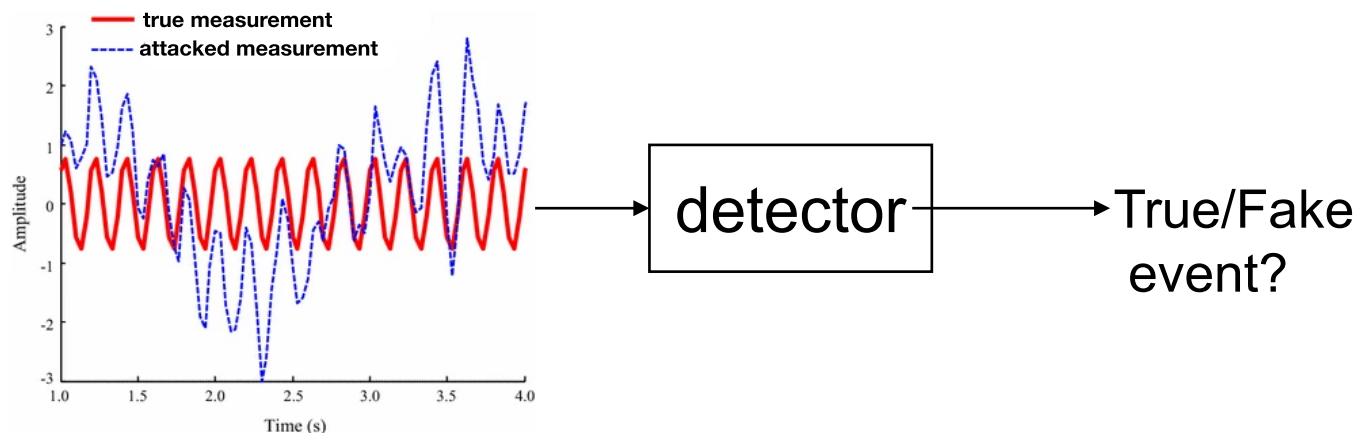


Objective: Design modular detectors capable of detecting anomalies via PMU measurements

Our Method: Online ML detector that exploits **event features** to:

- compare **features** of true events against fake events
- Incorporate **(physics-based) priors** to make detectors robust

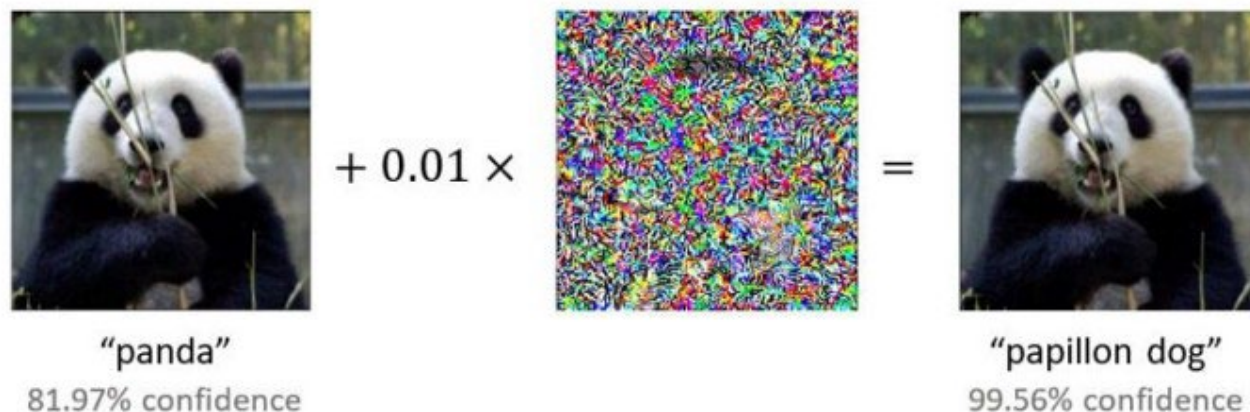
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Task 8: Detect Sophisticated (Mimicking) Attacks

- Existing robust detectors of **static data**

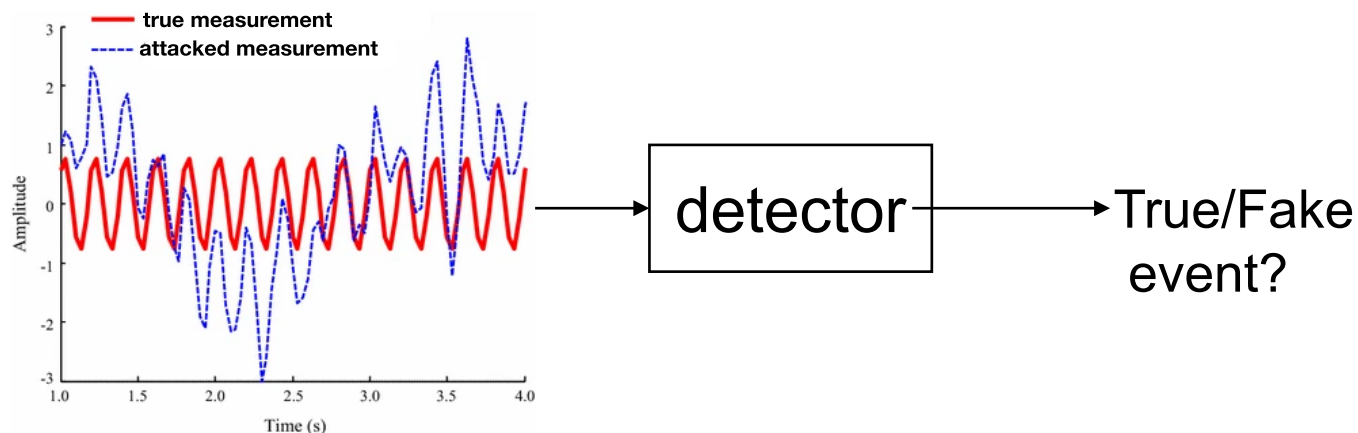


Objective: Design modular detectors capable of detecting anomalies via PMU measurements

Our Method: Online ML detector that exploits **event features** to:

- compare **features** of true events against fake events
- Incorporate **(physics-based) priors** to make detectors robust
- Include **spatio-temporal characteristics** (e.g., frequency, event source) for distinguishability

- Power system data is dynamic?



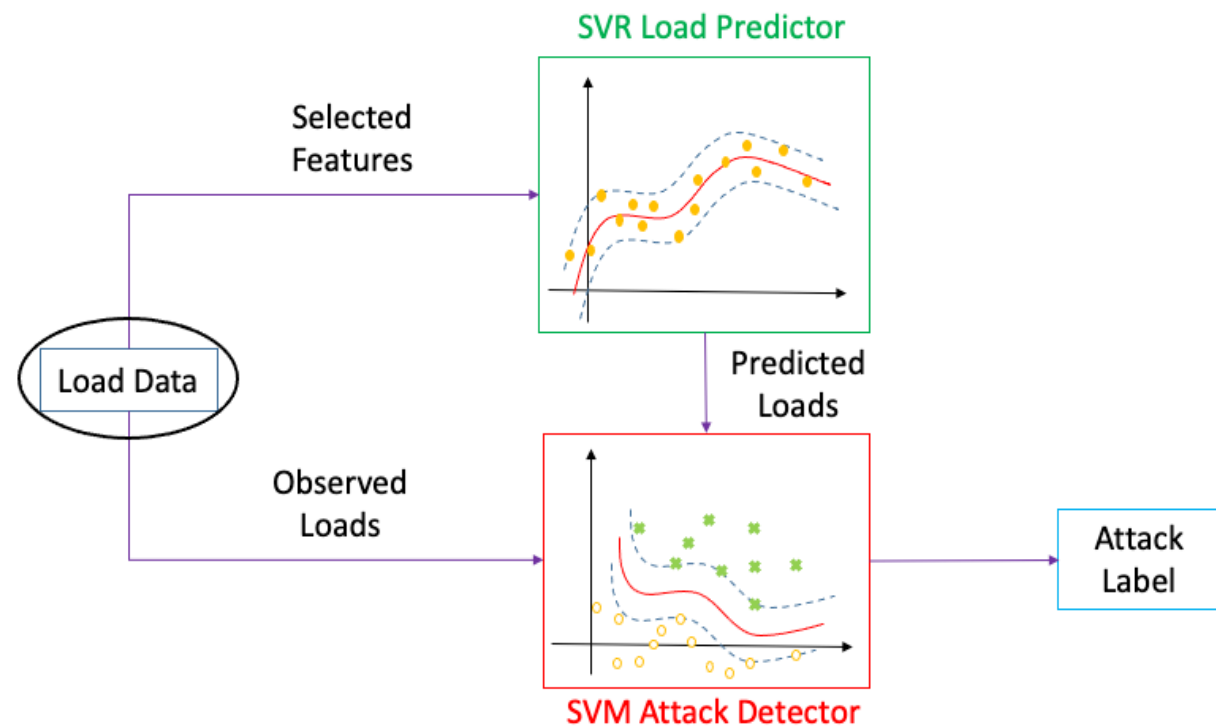


Summary and Future of Task 8

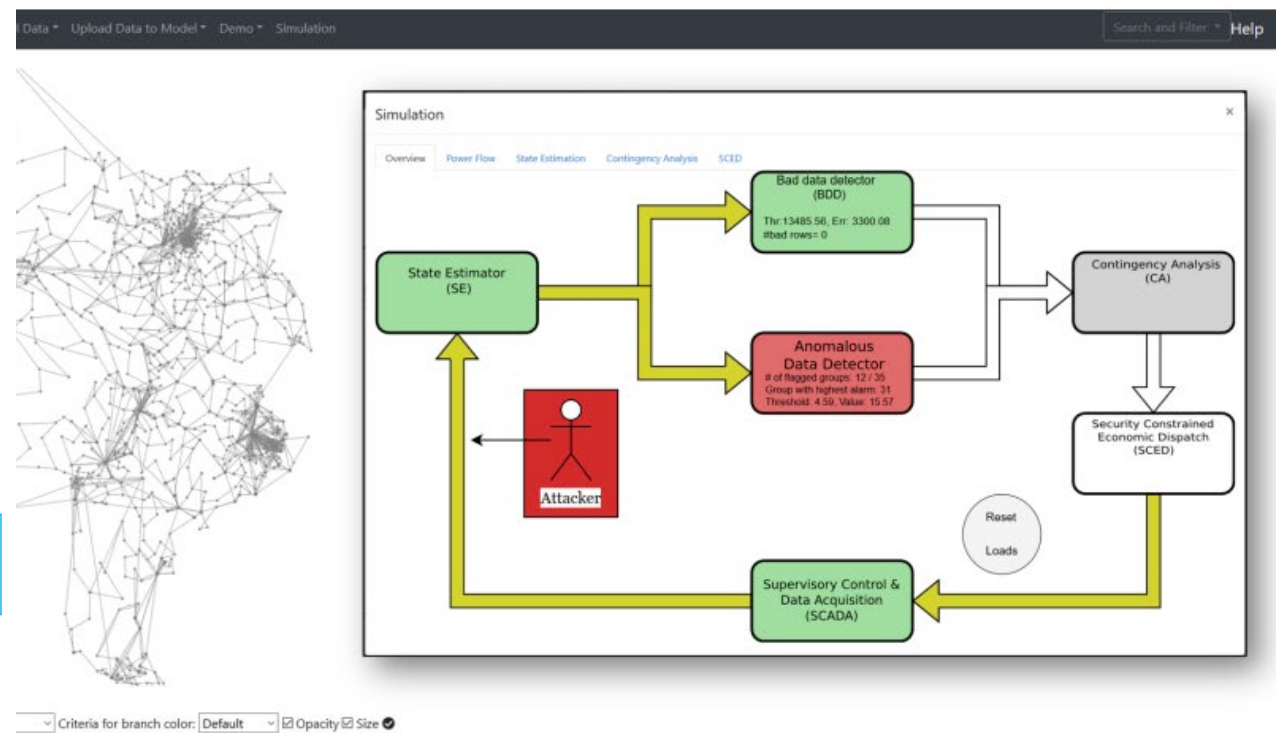
Task 8	Status (Work in progress)	Work to be done
- Design robust detectors and test it against attacks - Explore commercialization	- Detector design in progress (for events) - Testing its efficacy to attacks (in progress)	- Evaluate detectors from Task 5 with new attacks (Q3) - Incorporate prior knowledge: (i) Use prior (historical) data to identify if event pattern is meaningful (e.g., k- NN on event features) (Q5) (ii) Design a risk predictor method for operators. (Q7) - Work with Resource Innovations on Commercialization

Commercialization

Prior OT Software Incorporate *(physics-based) priors* to make detectors robust



(a) SVM and SVR based detector to detect load altering attacks.



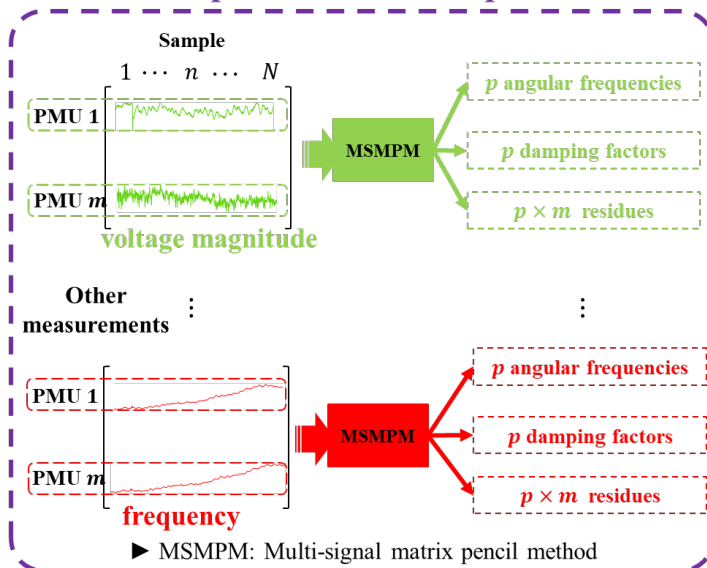
(b) Cyber attack detector on Energy Management Systems (EMS)

[1] C. Zhigang, O. Kosut, and L. Sankar. "Detecting load redistribution attacks via support vector models." *IET Smart Grid*, 2020

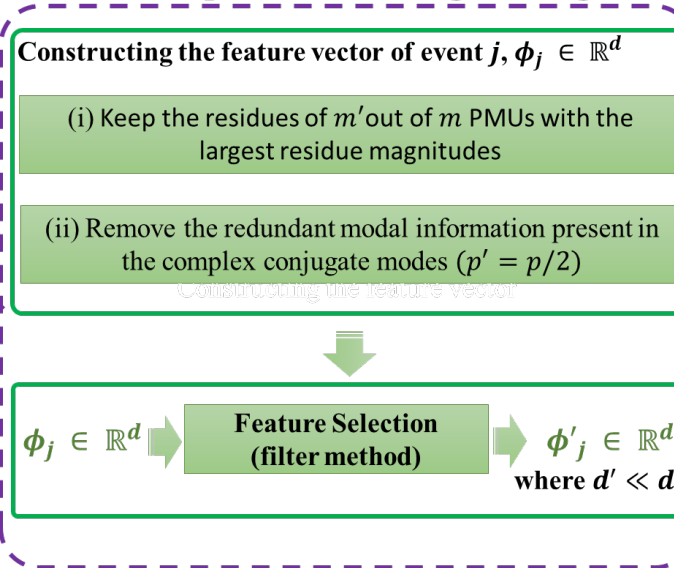
[2] A. Pinceti, L. Sankar, and O. Kosut. "Detection and Localization of Load Redistribution Attacks" *J. of Modern Power Systems and Clean Energy*, 2021

Task 5 (a): Learn Event Signatures from Measurements

Step 1: Mode Decomposition



Step 2: Feature Engineering



Step 3: Classification

